Asthma				
Task / Activity	Self- Assessment / Date	Competency Assessed Y / N	Competency Achieved	Signed off by Clinical Assessor / Date
Tier 1				
 Knowledge and Understanding Demonstrate an understanding of the holistic care of a patient with asthma Demonstrate an understanding of respiratory anatomy and physiology Demonstrate an understanding of the pathophysiology of asthma Demonstrate an understanding of the diagnostic criteria for asthma in adults, young people and children over 5 in line with local and national guidance¹ ² Demonstrate an understanding of when to consider a differential diagnosis³ Demonstrate an understanding of the local and National guidance for the management of Asthma⁴ Demonstrate an understanding of the identification and management of Asthma exacerbation and be able to stratify this in to moderate acute severe or life threatening in line with local and National guidance⁵ 				

¹ https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations#objective-tests-for-diagnosing-asthma-in-adults-young-people-and-children-aged-5-and-over

² https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/recommendations#algorithms

³ https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/diagnosis/diagnosis/

4 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations

⁵ https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/management/acute-exacerbation-of-asthma/

•	Demonstrate an understanding of the correct technique for using the different types of inhaler		
	devices and explain what will guide your device recommendations for a specific patient in line		
	with local and National guidance ^{6 7}		
•	Demonstrate and understanding of the aims of Asthma treatment ⁸		
•	Demonstrate an understanding of the impact of poor air quality on Asthma.9		
Patient Management			
•	Initial Assessment:		
	\circ Be able to take a detailed history from the patient to support objective testing 10		
	 Be able to arrange for appropriate objective testing, explain this to the patient and 		
	what the next steps will be. ¹¹ ¹²		
•	Diagnosis:		

6 https://www.rightbreathe.com/

⁷ https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/living-with/inhaler-videos

8https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/management/newly-diagnosed-asthma/#how-should-i-manage-someone-with-newly-diagnosed-or-suspected-asthma
9 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng70/chapter/Recommendations#vulnerable-groups

 $^{10} \ https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/resources/algorithm-a-initial-clinical-assessment-for-adults-young-people-and-children-with-suspected-asthma-pdf-4656176749$

11 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/resources/algorithm-b-objective-tests-for-asthma-in-children-and-young-people-aged-5-to-16-pdf-4656176750

12 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/resources/algorithm-c-objective-tests-for-asthma-in-adults-aged-17-and-over-pdf-4656176751

- Be able to assess the patients baseline Asthma Status and record this for future monitoring¹³
- Be able to elicit patients understanding of the following and provide explanations, information and support where appropriate:
 - What Asthma is and how it affects the lungs¹⁴.
- Be able to explain the need for an annual review and familiarise patient with a
 validated assessment questionnaire such as the Asthma Control test (ACT or Asthma
 Control Questionnaire (ASQ) to enable self-monitoring and improved engagement with
 future reviews, in line with local and National guidance.¹⁵
- Be able to explore with the patient their triggers and discuss ways to help avoid or reduce the impact of these.¹⁶
- Review:
 - Be able to elicit patients experience of current control and follow this up with standardised questionnaire to enable alignment of patients' perception with treatment aims.¹⁷
 - o Be able to confirm patients' adherence to treatment¹⁸
 - o Be able to assess patients' inhaler technique. 19 20

¹³ https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/management/newly-diagnosed-asthma/#how-should-i-manage-someone-with-newly-diagnosed-or-suspected-asthma

14 https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/conditions/asthma/what-asthma

15 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations#monitoring-asthma-control

https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/recommendations#principles-of-pharmacological-treatment

17 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations#monitoring-asthma-control

18 https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg76/chapter/1-Guidance#supporting-adherence

19 https://www.rightbreathe.com/

²⁰ https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/living-with/inhaler-videos

C	Be able to teach patient 'good technique' where needed, and provide support		
	materials		
C	Be able to discuss spacer use with patient and explain rationale for use. ²¹		
C	Be able to assist patient with performing a Peak Expiratory Flow Recording (PEFR) or if		
	trained (see appropriate section) spirometry to support monitoring and identification		
	of deterioration. ²²		
C	Be able to recognise when treatment may need to be changed and discuss or refer on		
	to appropriate prescribing clinician		
	• .		
C	Be able to arrange appropriate follow up for the patient following any change to		
	medication ²³		
C	Be able to provide health promotion advice that could improve Asthma control, and		
	make onward referral, where appropriate ²⁴ :		
	■ Diet		
	■ Exercise		
	Smoking cessation		
	 Vaccination 		
C	Be able to assess the effect of Asthma on Mental Health and signpost patient to		
	appropriate support 25		
C	Be able to support patient to address adverse living and environmental conditions that		

²¹ https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/management/newly-diagnosed-asthma/#delivery-systems

may be affecting Asthma control, including but not limited to:

22 https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/symptoms-tests-treatments/tests/peak-flow

 ${\tt ^{23}}\ \underline{https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/recommendations\#principles-of-pharmacological-treatment}$

²⁴ https://cks.nice.org.uk/topics/asthma/management/newly-diagnosed-asthma/#how-should-i-manage-someone-with-newly-diagnosed-or-suspected-

<u>asthma</u>

²⁵ https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/living-with/mental-health

	■ Pets ²⁶		
	■ Pollution ²⁷		
	■ At home ²⁸		
	Providing advice and support and referral on to local support services where		
	appropriate and available.		
0	Support patient to self-management including providing patient with a personalised		
	Asthma Action Plan (PAAP) as per local and National Guidance 29		
0	Be able to provide patient with robust safety netting advice relating to deterioration of		
	their Asthma and Asthma exacerbation. ³⁰ ³¹		
0	Be able to recognise when patient complexity exceeds competence and refer on to		
	specialist service.		

²⁶ https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/living-with/indoor-air-pollution/allergies

²⁷ https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng70/chapter/Recommendations#vulnerable-groups

 $^{{\}tt 28}\ \underline{https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng149/chapter/Recommendations\#healthcare-professionals}$

²⁹ https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations#self-management

³⁰ https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng80/chapter/Recommendations#terms-used-in-this-guideline

³¹ https://www.asthmaandlung.org.uk/conditions/asthma/your-asthma-action-plan